

VOL. XXII.

ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1890.—TEN PAGES.

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ods Display

HOW RUBE  
WAS RUN DOWN.

THE DETECTIVES WERE MILES AWAY.

And Alabama Farmers Effect the Capture.

HOW THE DESPERADO WAS LURED.

The Fatal Midnight Fight on the Straggling Streets.

IN WHICH RUBE LOSES HIS LIFE.

negroes bring him all of the pistols. Then stepping backwards, with a pistol in each hand, and saying laughingly: "A fellow can't do much walking with these things." He then ordered Jesse to unchain McDufie and Frank Marshall together. It did not take Jesse long to obey this order. Having his keepers secure, he said: "Mr. McDufie, you have had the honor to be captured by Rube Burrows. You had me, but now I have you. I am Rube Burrows. I am boss of this town, and I am going to raise hell before morning. Don't you dare to make any noise, or I will kill you."

He then took up all the arms, made Jesse take a little bag, with a pistol in it, and a lantern, and going before, light him to the door, and Rube Burrows was a free man once more.

THE TOWN AT HIS MERCY.

After leaving the jail, Burrows started to hunt for Mr. Carter, who had his rifle and his money, and swore he would have them before daylight. He forced Jesse to go to a number of houses in Linden, wake up the inhabitants and inquire for Carter, saying that the detectives had come and wanted him to come to the jail where McDufie was waiting for him.

But they did not find any one who knew where Mr. Carter was until they took a negro from an outhouse in Postmaster Cunningham's yard, nearly a half mile from the jail from whom Burrows learned that Carter was sleeping with Mr. Dunn, at Glass' store, just opposite the jail. He then made Jesse guide him to the store. A few feet from the door of the store, which is a small wooden building, is a China tree. Burrows stopped at this, and ordered Jesse to knock at the door and call for Mr. Carter, and tell him the same story about the detectives.

THE BLOODY ENCOUNTER.

Of course Jesse had to obey. Carter came to the door, and was led outside. Just as he did so, Burrows advanced from behind the tree, and said:

"I am Rube Burrows, Carter. I want my rifle and my money."

Two pistols were fired almost simultaneously. Burrows staggered back, firing. Carter fired again. Jesse took the pistol out of the bag and opened fire on Burrows. Burrows went backwards across the street, which is ninety feet wide, and fell with his face downwards just in front of the jail-yard gate. Jesse turned him over, took the pistol from him, and he was dead. Burrows and Carter fired five times each and Jesse three times. Carter had been wounded; the ball entered just above the collar bone on the left shoulder and went straight through. It is a severe, but not a dangerous wound, and the friends of the brave young man think he will soon be well.

THE WHEREABOUTS OF McDUFIE.

But what has become of McDufie? After Burrows left him, luckily, he had a duplicate key to the locks on his legs, and he soon took the chains off himself and Frank. He had no weapons, and it was not wise to follow up Rube, who had his armour on. He got out of jail by forcing the outer lock with a hammer, and went to John C. Anderson's office and aroused him, but the lawyer had no arms, and was not hunting Rube. Then McDufie and Rube, and he was a timber-getter, and had been lost, and wanted to go to Blue Lick on Chicasawlogue creek. He asked me for some coffee. I did not have any, but sent my boy to the store for some. I told my boy to hurry up, and tell Mr. Meadow, the man we were hunting for was on the place, but not to hurry back. I wanted the other to have time to come up. When the boy came, my wife made coffee and the man drank it. I offered to sell him a mare, but we could not trade, as I asked him a big price. I then tried to sell him a mule. I did this to keep him. He said he had to leave, and he wrote my name towards Blue Lick.

THE UNFORTUNATE STOP.

It began to rain, and he concluded to go back and stay all night. I went with him to John C. Anderson's office, but could not find even a pistol, and did nothing but frighten the ladies by telling them Rube was out.

HE SEEKS RUBE AGAIN.

They then returned to the hotel and were standing on the corner with the proprietor, when McDufie looked up the street and said:

"Sure enough, it was Rube and a double-barrel brace-loader and a pair of Colt's pistols and Jesse walking in front of him with a light."

They passed on the opposite side of the street and then crossed over to Glass' store and roused Carter and the fight followed as already stated. The hotel keeper, McDufie, Anderson and Frank Marshall were all in sight, but could do nothing. They could only look on while plucky Dixie Carter defended himself with a 44-caliber hammerless pistol, against a double-barrel brace-loader and two Colt's repeaters in the hands of Rube Burrows. In some way Frank Marshall received a ball in the heel, but he got in range of the pistols of either Rube, Carter or Jesse, nobody can tell. He left at an early hour for home, riding horseback, and the wound is said to be a slight one.

THE PEOPLE COMING IN.

The news of Burrows' capture spread rapidly, and by breakfast time Linden was full of people. The streets were crowded like they are on court days, when an important case is on trial. The dead body of Burrows was carried into the jail yard, and laid on the porch in front of the door. Everybody came to see him.

Burrows was six feet one inch high, and weighed about 150 pounds, and looked as if he had been sick or was worn out by fatigue and exposure. The hair and beard was light brown, worn long and a little curly. The forehead, broad, smooth and handsome, except that it was marred by what appeared to be old gunshot wounds over the left eye. The nose was of the Greek type, the mouth well shaped and the teeth very white, even and pretty. The eyes were large, bright gray, with remarkably large and very black pupils. The lower jaw was heavy, and gave a massive look to the whole face.

RESEMBLED WILLIAM L. YANCEY.

Had he been educated and dressed up and his beard shaved, Burrows would have greatly resembled William L. Yancey, as he appeared in 1865. He would have been a handsome man, but lying there on the floor, in common man clothes, a striped shirt and a slouch hat over his face, and a bullet hole in his body, he looked what he was, a dead bravo and thief, without a redeeming virtue, except impudent, reckless courage. He had been hit only once. A small, round hole, made by a 44-caliber ball, just below the right rib killed him, and there was not a drop of blood where he fell, or on his person or clothing.

THE CORONER'S JURY.

John E. Hecken, J. P., empaneled a coroner's jury consisting of: P. B. Glass, W. W. Harden, W. J. Glass, J. S. Hale, R. M. Schwarz and J. C. Bailey. The express agents, Messrs. Agoe and Fisher, identified Burrows, and knew that one of the pistols found in his possession belonged to the Express Messenger Archie Johnson, and was taken from him at Flomaton, Ala., by some one who robbed the train at that place, on the 1st of last September. Jesse Hildreth testified, as to the capture, the escape of Burrows, and the shooting. Mr. Carter fired the shot, in his opinion, but he did not shoot himself, and it might have been one of his balls. McDufie told how Burrows was captured, and how the tables were turned on him. After Burrows had been eating and talking for some time, and giving ginger snaps first to one negro, and then the other, Mr. McDufie was surprised to find the muzzle of a pistol in his face.

THE PRISONER A VICTOR.

Thinking the prisoner safe, those who were present went off one by one, until McDufie, Carter, Jesse Hildreth and Frank Marshall were all that were left with him. About 12 o'clock Carter guard Burrows, told him to go just across the street, and go to sleep. He went, and the outer door was locked behind him. Shortly afterwards Burrows asked McDufie to untie his hands, and he did so. A bed was in the room, and McDufie told him to lie down and sleep, but he declined, saying he preferred talking.

THE PRISONER A VICTOR.

Between 3 and 4 o'clock, Burrows said he was hungry, that he had some ginger snaps and candy in his bag and that it was brought to him he would eat. Frank Marshall brought the bag; it was placed between Burrows and McDufie, who was sitting at a table with his pistol in front of him. After Burrows had been eating and talking for some time, and giving ginger snaps first to one negro, and then the other, Mr. McDufie was surprised to find the muzzle of a pistol in his face.

M'DUFFIE CHAINED.

Burrows had taken it out of the bag, and had the drop on McDufie. He made the

verdict, "that Rube Burrows had come to his death by pistol ball fired by himself." The jury returned a J. D. Carter in self-defense.

THE DISPOSAL OF THE BODY.

The dead body was put in a common pine coffin, and the negro agents took charge of it, saying they would ship it to Demopolis or old man Burrows, in Marengo county, Alabama.

The detectives did not arrive till several hours after the inquest was over and Rube Burrows on the road to Demopolis. They may deserve credit for following the trail, but none for capturing or killing Rube. Three negroes, Jesse Hildreth, Frank Marshall, and George Ford captured him.

Mr. McDufie, a brave and watchful man, had the bad luck to be outwitted by Rube, and let him escape. J. Dixie Carter and Jesse Hildreth were the only persons in the fight when, at daylight that morning, Rube Burrows was shot, and died on the streets of Linden.

THE BURROW FAMILY.

There Were Nine Children in All and Those Alive are Doing Well.

VERNON, Ala., October 11.—A brief history of the Burrow family may be of interest at this time.

Allen Henry Burrow, the father of Rube, was born in Maury county, Tennessee, and is sixty-six years old. He was married in this county August 30, 1849, to Miss Mary Caroline Terry. He came to Alabama from Tennessee in 1856 and settled in Franklin county, where he resided two years, and from there he came to Lamar. He has been a farmer by boyhood; though, after settling in Lamar, he occasionally taught a country school in his neighborhood. He is reputed to have been a strict disciplinarian, and to have believed firmly in that sacred admonition, "Spare the rod and spoil the child." It was not until after the sons left the parental roof that they developed their characters as robbers and plunderers. The old man and his wife were educated in the common schools of the country fifty years ago. They are poor, thrifty people, who firmly believe in the motto, "God, Country, and Home." The children were all given a common school education; the best that the county afforded at that time. Rube is described as a bright quick boy, independent in speech and actions, particularly fond of squirrel hunting, and a green fisherman. His father describes him as "a smart lad without a lazy bone in his body." He made his first tour to Texas in 1872, and four years later Jim followed him. Jim remained in Texas several years and returned to Lamar, remaining until 1884, when he made a second trip to Texas. In October, 1887, Jim and Rube both returned to Lamar. Their history since that date is not so numerous.

THE REPUBLICANS TO MEET.

The republican state committee meets on Monday and will probably issue a manifesto endorsing the Haskell ticket. At first there was a disposition in the part of some of the anti-Tillmanites to let things slide, but Haskell is gaining strength every day. It is estimated that every city and town in the state with a population of over 1,000 will give the Haskell ticket a majority. Tillman's strength almost entirely in the country outside the towns and villages. It is difficult to say how this will affect the congressional elections. The democrats will easily carry the first, second, third and fifth districts. The fourth, sixth and seventh are doubtful.

Considerable curiosity is felt here to know

whether Senators Hampton and Butler will obey the call of the Tillmanites to come here and take the stump for them. It is said that unless they do so, both will be fired at the expiration of their terms. Whatever the outcome, it is generally conceded that the democratic party in the Palmetto state is irretrievably split in twain. Nothing can ever heal the breach that has been created, and the negro will at last become the balance of power.

There are ten children of the original Burrow family, five boys and five girls. John L. Burrow, the oldest, is forty years old. He is a prosperous farmer of this county, is married and has a family of six children.

William Joseph Burrow, the second child, is thirty-nine years old. He resides on the farm with his father near Vernon. He is married and has a family of four children.

Sarah Francis, wife of James A. Cash, is the third child and is thirty-four years old.

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THE TILLMANITES.

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THE MESS HASKELL HAS MADE.

THE WHITE PEOPLE AROUSING TO A

SENSE OF THEIR DANGER.

CAROLINA'S PERIL.

THE PREACHERS LISTEN to the Proceedings

with Breathless Interest—Contumacy

Toward the Bishop.

THE NEGRO SUPREMACY THE SURE OUTCOME, IF

THE Factions Do Not Get Together—

Corrupt Party Leaders.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 12.—[Special.]

Political talk here, since the nomination of

Judge Haskell by the anti-Tillman democrats,

and the almost certain support that it will

get from the republicans, has assumed a

deadly hue.

THE NEGROES ARE FRIGHTENED.

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was lynched in the jail yard.

The negroes are frightened.

## THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

BUSHING OUT THE PENSION BODDLE TO CLOSE DISTRICTS.

Judge Miller, of the Supreme Court, Still Lingers in Life—The Business to Come Before the Next Term of Court.

WASHINGTON, October 12.—[Special.]—A study of the daily list of pensions, which issue from Raum's office, is pregnant with pertinent suggestions. An old racket, with elaborate trimmings, is being worked.

The numbers of pensions that now go forth is unusually large. The states in which the republicans are being crowded by the democrats are favored by a shower of the people's money, which, as it goes to the ex-soldiers, is expected to make the veterans get up and hump themselves for the grand old party. Congressional districts, to get further down to detail, are looked after very cunningly. Republican candidates who are in the straits are helped out by hastening the adjudication of pension claims in their districts, and if there is a chance of the republicans capturing a district now democratic, the pension office is not at all slothful in doing all that it can in the way of putting into it boddle from the United States treasury in the guise of pension money.

Raum is unusually active these days it will be seen. He evidently appreciates the fact that it was not for nothing that the republican majority of the committee, which investigated him, refused to report upon the evidence taken by it. That evidence, to any man shown publicly by partisanship, showed conclusively that he is not a fit man to preside over the big bureau at the head of which he is.

JUSTICE MILLER'S CONDITION.

Justice Miller was still alive at 7:00 o'clock this evening, but still unconscious and evidently near to death.

The October term of the United States supreme court will begin to-morrow morning. The familiar form of the old member Justice Miller, will be missing. The session tomorrow morning will be brief. A few preliminary motions will be received, unless the death of Justice Miller, as is generally expected, occurs before court convenes, in which case adjournment will be at once taken out of respect to his memory. A dozen or more cases which have been argued at the last term, still remain to be decided, but no opinions will be handed down in any of them tomorrow, and it will probably be two weeks before the court announces any decisions.

## THE BUSINESS BEFORE THE COURT.

The coming term of the court, it is expected will be a busy one. A number of interesting cases will be pressed for a hearing. Notice has already been given that an effort will be made to impeach the constitutionality of the New York electrocution law on the ground that "it is cruel and unusual punishment." The Japanese, Juggo, is the man in whose behalf this point will be raised. Another case, which will attract attention, will be an appeal brought here to secure the release of one of the Chicago anarchists, now in prison, under heavy sentence. The liquor laws of the various states, however, will furnish the largest number of cases of general interest.

The court will early be given an opportunity to reaffirm the doctrine laid down in the original package decision. After the court's opinion in the Iowa case, three dealers were arrested for opening "original packages" houses in Iowa. They were arrested and convicted in the state courts, and the question now to be decided is as to the legality of an order of one of the United States judges declaring "our arrest contrary to law."

From Vermont comes another case arising under the prohibition statutes, and other states it is thought, will contribute their quota towards swelling the list of this class of suits will be ended.

## A WOMAN'S STORY.

A Place of City Life Develops in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 12.—[Special.] Two weeks ago, R. A. Johnson, a young man employed in the photographic gallery of D. C. Reddington, left the city very suddenly and about the same time his employer's handsome young wife disappeared. The next day, Mrs. Reddington had gone away to visit relatives in New York. They were arrested and the question now to be decided is as to the legality of an order of one of the United States judges declaring "our arrest contrary to law."

THE NEW PORTUGUESE MINISTRY.

LISBON, October 12.—[Special.]—A long crowd of people gathered at the streets with here yesterday and to-day to discuss political and financial affairs. The cabinet concluded that it could not accept the financial scheme which the late minister of finance was negotiating with Paris bankers, when he resigned. It is stated that Senator Ennes has declined the marine portfolio, but that he is to be retained in the cabinet, in addition to the portfolio of foreign affairs. It is still doubtful whether the ministerial crisis will be ended.

## THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Harrison Drops in with Baby McKee in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., October 12.—The President's trip from St. Louis last night was a success. The chief executive reached Indianapolis half an hour after the train reached Indianapolis, and while standing on the vestibule of the "Hawthorne," about 7 o'clock, Mrs. R. S. McKee and baby McKee put in an appearance, and were warmly greeted by all these and the reporters, who had come to see the distinguished guest, this having been at his earnest request. As soon as the reporters were admitted to the car the president received for the car the name of Justice Miller, and seemed greatly relieved when informed that the hand of his wife was impaired in him. Shortly after the party left the train, Secretary Tracy, going to the residence of Mr. W. H. Smith, and the president to the home of his son-in-law, Mr. McKee. After breakfast, the party drove to his old church, the First Presbyterian, and Mr. and Mrs. McKee. The church was crowded, both because of the president's visit, and because of the baptism and admission to it of his wife. The service was well attended, and yet with a stroke so untimely that it is doubtful sorrow to contemplate.

Here he spent childhood, which, shaped by the influences of a splendid social and moral culture, completely equipped him for his vocation of life in after years, and here in the city of his nativity he has been brought home to rest forever among scenes of warm friends and relatives, where his noble life will ever be fondly cherished on memory's page, and where his grave will be kept, green by loving hands and hearts.

## THE ARRIVAL OF THE REMAINS.

The remains of Mr. Glenn reached Danvers today at 12:30 o'clock on the Northeastern branch of the Richmond and Danville railroad. They were attended by the wife and mother of the deceased, and by Mr. McBride, of Atlanta. At Lula junction the remains were met by a number of friends and relatives from Atlanta.

The party consisted of Mayor John T. Glenn, brother of the deceased, and daughter, Miss Glenn; Miss Venable, Mrs. G. H. Tanner and C. D. Hill, a committee representing the bar of Atlanta; A. W. Hill, R. S. Rust, S. H. Venable, John T. Clegg, C. E. Hartman, H. C. Irwin and others.

## ABOVE THE AVERAGE.

The Cotton, Tobacco and Corn Crop of North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., October 12.—[Special.]—The weekly weather crop bulletin for the week ending October 10th shows the temperature and sunshine during the week have been in excess, and the rainfall deficient. The conditions are altogether more favorable than those which have existed for several weeks. Light rains occurred on one or two days, the remainder of the week being bright and clear. Almost all the farmers' time has been devoted to cotton-picking and gathering in corn, which is fully matured. Tobacco has all been cured. It is probable that the damage caused by the wet weather of the preceding weeks will not be quite so serious as anticipated. Seeding wheat and oats are progressing slowly. The season, on the whole, has been an unusually favorable one, and the crops of cotton, tobacco, corn and rice in the state are above the average for many years.

## PASSED COUNTERFEIT MONEY.

And Then Was Shot While Trying to Escape.

ANNISTON, Ala., October 12.—[Special.]—A negro man, whose name could not be learned, was shot at Oxanna, at a late hour last night by a negro named John Young, who was quarreling with Harris Brewster, took the woman's part. He and Young clinched, and during the scuffle Dacus came up and shot Young from behind with a pistol. As he fell, he shot him in the abdomen causing instant death. Dacus made his escape, and was not found.

## THE BURIAL.

The family vault on one of the highest hills of the cemetery overlooking the Oconee river, the solemn procession went, and paused in silence to pay the last tribute of love and esteem to the deceased. Rev. J. C. Davis, of the Episcopal church, in an appropriate and with becoming service, consigned to the keeping of the grave all that was mortal of Howell Glenn. A large crowd of relatives and friends followed the remains of Howell Glenn through the streets of Athens to the cemetery, that is located on beautiful suburban hills on the south side of the city.

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ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 13, 1890.

Where Are the Democrats?

We confess that we are utterly unable to account for the democratic apathy that seems to exist in the north and west in regard to the congressional elections which are soon to occur.

The republicans are active, energetic, vigorous, enterprising and aggressive. Moreover, they are harmonious. They are thoroughly united on the lines laid down by Quay and Reed, and they are pushing their campaign for all it is worth. Into the doubtful districts they are importing their trained orators and campaigners, such as Reed and Blaine, and then they are pouring out campaign funds and circulating campaign documents. In the western states, where there is disaffection on account of the McKinley law, they are engaged in the hardest kind of work, and it is work that is backed by spirit and enthusiasm.

But we hear nothing of the democratic orators, campaigners and workers. We read, indeed, that a vast crowd assembled at one point in McKinley's district to hear Mr. Carlisle speak, but they were compelled to go home disappointed, as Mr. Carlisle failed to make his appearance.

Behind the republican campaign, pushing it, stirring it, directing it, is the active and energetic figure of Quay, vigilant, alert, restless and powerful. As there seems to be no democratic campaign going on in any part of the north and west—we mean an active and a vigorous campaign which has for its purpose the exposure of the iniquities of the McKinley law—it is perhaps useless to inquire as to the whereabouts of the chairman of the democratic committee.

And yet the democratic party, the south and the country were never confronted with a situation more ominous than the present. Upon the result of the elections shortly to be held depends the future prosperity of the south and the future success of the party for many years to come. If the democratic leaders of the north and west supinely sit and allow the republicans to carry the next house of representatives, many a long year must elapse before the democracy can hope to carry the country.

If the democrats cannot win now while the results of the infamous McKinley bill are occurring right before the eyes of the people, and while it is robbing the pockets of the voters in a way that cannot be mistaken, then they need not hope to win; and they need not hope to win, even with success fairly made to their hands, unless they make a campaign calculated to meet and dispose of the misrepresentations of the republicans.

If the next house is republican, the democrats may bid a long farewell to all hope of power for many years. Nothing but a revolution will unseat the republicans. They will pass the force bill, crush the south and southern prosperity with negro domination, and apply to the whole country the system of tyranny invented by Mr. Reed for the house.

We fear that our democratic friends at the north and west do not understand the importance of success at this juncture.

## The Record of the Pension Office.

It has been officially stated that the expenditures for pensions for the year ending June 30th, amounted to \$109,356,534. In the year previous the pension fund reached a total of \$87,644,790. Commenting on this The New York Herald notes the fact that the cost of the whole German army for this year is estimated at \$91,726,293, and that besides our pensions, our army costs \$30,000,000.

These are interesting facts and will "set people to thinking" and comparing notes. But public interest at the present time is largely centered on the management of the pension office by the present commissioner. Mr. Rasmussen tells us that he has added 613 persons to the force in the office, the increased rush of business making this necessary, and that things are moving along at a lively rate and to his satisfaction generally.

This should be cheering news to those who have an interest in this department of the government. But the revelations which have been made in the general conduct of this office show very clearly that the present commissioner has not been a faithful servant of the government, but has used the influence of his position to advance the private interests of himself and friends.

The management of the pension office from Tanner's day up to the present time has been miserable in the extreme, but there are no hopes of improvement in this department as long as we are under a republican administration. One of the most important offices under the government, its affairs are always in a tangle and its chief executive in trouble. Misfortune seems to follow it, and it is a perpetual eye to the country.

The charges which have been preferred against the present commissioner were of such a nature as to warrant his dismissal. But the question arises: Where would the administration look for a successor? There are plenty of republicans who want the office; but would they do any better than Raun? It seems to be fatal to all of them.

## A Slander on the South.

In its last issue, The Manufacturers' Record calls attention to efforts which are being made in certain quarters to prejudice the foreign iron and steel makers, who are now in this country, against the iron interests of the south. Our contemporary says that the announcement that nearly two-thirds of the English visitors had agreed to go south excited considerable excitement among northern and northwestern iron men, and "remedies" have been made to turn the visitors from their southern trip."

Our contemporary goes on to say that "the foreign visitors had not been in this country

three days before many of them were informed that the development of the south's iron interests was merely a boom of the uncertain future." This, of course, was discouraging to the visitors, who had heard great things of the south and were preparing to personally investigate its advantages.

But it will not have the effect of keeping the foreign visitors away. Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, who is familiar with the iron interests of the south, having personally inspected every iron-producing section, came to the rescue in the nick of time and convinced the gentlemen that the south possessed every advantage which had been claimed for it. The result was a speedy decision, on the part of the iron men, to visit us and "see for themselves."

This effort to place the south at a disadvantage with strangers seeking profitable investments is discreditable to the northern and northwestern iron men and will be injurious to their interests. Being well acquainted with the advantages of southern iron fields they feared that the impression which the foreign visitors would receive of them would detract from their own interests and secure for the south the investments they coveted.

In thus speaking up for us, Mr. Hewitt has done the south a service. His paper, read before the British Iron and Steel Institute, was also timely and will do good. The figures of Mr. Hewitt and Mr. Edward Atkinson speak in glowing terms of the future of iron in the south, and neither envy nor derision will serve the purpose of these northern and northwestern iron makers. The south stands on its own merits, and its advantages are even greater than its friends claim, and all that is necessary to convince the world of this truth is—investigation.

## A Plutocrat on the Tariff.

In the eyes of our monopolists and plutocrats the McKinley tariff is all right. It plays into their hands, and swells their fortunes by robbing their victims—the people. This effort to place the south at a disadvantage with strangers seeking profitable investments is discreditable to the northern and northwestern iron men and will be injurious to their interests. Being well acquainted with the advantages of southern iron fields they feared that the impression which the foreign visitors would receive of them would detract from their own interests and secure for the south the investments they coveted.

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## EDITORIAL COMMENT.

A NEW YORK correspondent says that if Bob Ingersoll accepted all the propositions made to him by publishers his income would be larger than that of any other writer. But, while the colonel likes literary work, he prefers the law and is unwilling to give up his large practice.

THE CHARLESTON WORLD claims that Hon. W. C. Benet, of South Carolina, was the first to formulate the sufficient currency idea. It seems that in his recent congressional campaign Mr. Benet said: "The principle involved in this currency should be as flexible as the demand for it—in other words, the maximum of political economy. Fluctuations in the value of crops result from a fixed amount of money with a varying demand. To render the price of farm products reasonably stable, there must be a flexible volume of money to meet the demand of it."

A SPECIAL from St. Petersburg says: "A young professor of medicine, Kostersky, closed a lecture course on the subject of the laboratory of the university by pouring into a glass some drops of one of the poisons, saying, as he drank them: 'In two minutes you are going to see a man die before your eyes. Gentlemen, I bid you farewell.' The students rushed up and tried to administer an antidote, but it was too late. At the expiration of the time fixed, Kostersky was a corpse. There is great excitement in St. Petersburg over this tragic incident. It is generally believed that the professor had gone suddenly mad, for no motive for the act so far is known. He leaves a wife, of whom he was very fond, and two little children. He will be buried with great pomp at the expense of the state."

THE OFFICIAL report in the Kemmer case to Governor Hill declares that the electrical execution of the condemned will be speedy and painless.

YESTERDAY the 13th, a colored boy was sent to Brooklyn for larceny. Perry is thirty-three years old, and made a reputation as far back as 1865 as "the boy preacher." It is believed by his friends that his mind is unbalanced.

SENATOR HEARST has been disappointed in his attempt to purchase The New York Herald for his son. He offered Mr. Bennett the sum of \$5,000,000 for his paper, but Bennett merely laughed and replied that he would not sell for \$20,000,000. Senator Hearst then tried to buy The Sun, but found that Mr. Dana would not sell at any price.

POTATOS will be almost as scarce with us this season as they will be with the Irish. The crop is a complete failure in New England and the west. Many farmers will be compelled to buy potatoes for their own use in Vermont and Indiana. Prices will be high.

HABITS are now very scarce in France. One may pass a hundred houses without finding one with a cradle in it. Such a country is doomed.

MORE TROUBLE ahead. It is announced that a volume of Marie Bashkirtseff's letters will shortly be published. People will be sorry that the girl died if there is not much more of her to come.

LAST TUESDAY 130 shoe manufacturers from all parts of the country met in New York, and after a long discussion agreed to fix the price of shoes at \$20 a dozen, or even less. This is an attempt not to warrant their goods in future. They are a direct result of the McKinley bill that will effect every man, woman and child in the United States.

## Censorship of the Press.

From The Augusta Chronicle.

A recent issue of The Literary Digest calls attention to the inquisitorial functions assumed by the postmaster general in excluding from the mails Tolstoi's last book on the ground of obscenity and indecency. That periodical rightly declares that there was nothing obscene about it, and its conclusions, the book should not have been excluded from the mails. The Digest rightly says that the Bible contains passages which could not be read aloud in the parlor or nursery. Such guardianship of the public morals on the part of the postal authorities is fanatical and paternalistic. It is an unwarrantable and unlawful assumption of power. We shall soon hear of a censorship of political prints and government exclusion on grounds of morality or expediency. What is to become of completeness, may nevertheless fail to provoke a smile.

A DISPATCH from Sanderson says: "There are vacancies in both the offices of notary public and justice of the peace. The former position was held by John W. L. Brown, who has been announced by his friends as a candidate."

At an invitation from his friends in Banks county, the editor of The Athens Banner will address the alliance at Arp on next Saturday. Colonel Winn, the congressional nominee in the ninth district, and perhaps other speakers, will also be present.

THE RICHMOND GAZETTE is informed that Major J. P. Walker, who was elected almost without opposition from the people of the 10th congressional district, composed of Stewart, Webster and Quitman counties, will be a candidate for president of the senate, when the legislature meets.

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## THE ALLIANCE VERSION

CAPTAIN HARRY BROWN TALKS ABOUT THE SITUATION.

He says that the Gordon Endorsements Are Without Meaning, and Can Bind Nobody—The Result Certain.

One of the most tranquil politicians interested in the senatorial race in Georgia—he objects to being called a politician—is Captain Harry Brown, of the Southern Alliance Farmer.

His tranquility is that of reassurance sort that his confidence in his estimate of affairs generally.

He was found hard at work Sunday at all hours; as placid as usual, wading through an enormous correspondence.

"What do I think?" he repeated, dropping his letters. "I think this is a very peculiar

meeting for the United States senate."

"Why?"

"It has one peculiar feature—the spectacle of the governor of a great state, leaving his office to eletor for endorsement for the senate. I don't know of another case in the history of this or any other state. That gives the thing a unique aspect."

Then there are a number of other circumstances that tend the same way."

In the course of conversation some reference was made to the endorsements of General Gordon made at the meetings assembled to him.

"But what about Chattahoochee water?"

He replied, "I have never thought it was the best. But to build where Mr. Herring advises is going in the right direction, and there is plenty of water within easy reach that is good, and if we don't like the Chattahoochee water, we can easily get better water by drilling very cheaply, and plenty of it, to the same effect, life it from the same place, through the same mains, without having to throw away anything."

"I think too, there is real danger that if the city does not now and secure new water whilst she has the chance, it may result in some large company getting the works and water franchises."

"Let us act now. The bids for the cast iron pipe and the machinery are all very favorable. The city has the bonds virtually sold at 4 per cent. It is hoped

the city will be completed without issuing any more bonds; any additional sum needed being paid out of the annual income of the city for 1891 and 1892."

"Waterworks is not dead capital like streets and other things. Atlanta ought to have, and judging by other cities of the same size, and with the same number of inhabitants, from \$100,000 to \$150,000 per annum from waterworks."

The proposed expenditures will be a good investment and will pay largely more revenue every year than the interest on the proposed bonds, which is, or will be, only \$3,000.

"Nothing will draw population, better and make the city grow faster than an abundant supply of good water. This is a step in the right direction, and I think we should have no hesitation about it."

## JUDGE HILLYER TALKS.

Why He Is in Favor of the Issuance of the Water Bonds.

Judge Hillyer was asked if it was true that the water-bond question would have to be decided at the ballot box. He said:

"Yes; you can take it as a fixed fact that the fate of waterworks question is going to turn on the vote of the people at the bond election as ordered by the mayor and council for Wednesday next, the 14th instant, as there will be no decision before that time by the supreme court on the validity of the former election.

"I think it would be very unwise to throw away all the present plans and bids and depend on patching up the present works or pumping from Poole creek for five or about those two years as has been proposed. Knowing their filthy condition, and the fact they are getting worse and worse all the time, it would be to say that it would be cruel to the public to impose that water on them any longer than is absolutely necessary for building the new waterworks north of the city. It will take a year to get the new tanks, and upon reflection the only water needed would be to rent—not buy, but rent—a small pump at Poole creek in case—and only in case—next summer should happen to be a dry summer. This could be done for less than \$500, and that is a cent that ought to be spent on that.

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## MR. O. L. PEASE DEAD.

One of the Most Familiar Faces in Atlanta Gone.

Mr. Oliver L. Pease died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock.

It will be a sad announcement to many friends here and elsewhere, for few men in Atlanta are as generally known and liked.

Mr. Pease was born in South New Market, N. H., fifty-four years ago. He came to Atlanta in 1866, and shortly afterwards started the restaurant known as "The Empire." This was a famous place for dinners and banquets run by "Pease and his wife." Mr. Pease gave to Atlanta the first good restaurant after the war, and kept up his reputation as long as he was alive.

A few years ago he went into the house-moving business, in which he was thrifty and successful.

The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence, 76 Calhoun street.

The body will be laid to rest in Westview.

## THE MORROW CAMPAIGN.

A Call for Ward Meetings on Monday Night.

It is desired that those friends of the Morrow ticket assemble in their respective wards to confer on the election tonight at 7 o'clock. The wards will assemble at the following places:

First Ward—W. H. Smith's hall, Peters street.

Second Ward—20½ South Broad street, overhook and ladder engine house.

Third Ward—23 Fair and Terry streets.

Fourth Ward—W. D. Smith's hall, 28 Decatur street.

Fifth Ward—Miles' hall, opposite Haiman's plow factory.

Sixth Ward—Zapava armor, 3½ Marietta street.

Canton—Dumbell—Woodward's corner Marietta street and Pender's avenue.

The meeting will be one of great interest to all who feel interest in the success of the Morrow ticket, therefore, it is urged that all friends of the supporters of the Morrow ticket and his deputies, namely Mr. J. J. Barnes, Mr. Mike Jones, Mr. W. H. Greely, Mr. Donaldson and Mr. Jordan, meet this evening, for the purpose of finally closing up and arranging matters for the final work.

## FOUND IN CLINCH COUNTY.

A Man Wanted in North Carolina for Murder.

A man wanted in North Carolina for murder was located a few days ago in Clinch county, and Saturday the governor ordered a warrant to issue for his arrest and detention until the trial, when he will be tried for the murder of his wife, who had been killed.

His name is Abram J. McGowan.

The man is said to have been killed by William McPherson. The crime was committed in Montgomery county, North Carolina, on the 20th of September, 1889.

The governor's order yesterday was issued upon the affidavit of W. W. McKinnon.

McGowan is to be held twenty-days, awaiting the arrival of the paper from North Carolina.

Workmen Needed.—"We have been searching in vain for several days for a civil engineer," said C. W. West, "but have been unable to secure one. I very much believe that a dozen or more civil engineers would be needed and one man would be required to do the work in this city right now. The growth of the building and improvements of the city have been such that the supply of workers of this sort is entirely inadequate, and that is why the demand is so urgent."

THE OTHER SIDE.

Principally, only one side of the matter of the alliance. Here and there these endorsements are made, and they are always the same, people, and the alliance feels that Gordon has an entirely different stand from that in which these endorsements were founded, that the endorsements are no longer binding.

The pledges are no longer valid.

But all these endorsements are counted by Gordon's friends. Their being counted, of course, makes no real difference in the situation. The idea is only that some people, not being in position to hear and know the truth, might accept estimates as correct.

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## ATLANTA PEOPLE TALK

COLONEL SAM'L W. GOODE IS JUST BACK FROM EUROPE.

He Finds Pure French in Neufchâtel, and Pure German in Hanover—What Was Seen in the Old World.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Goode are just back from a four months' trip to Europe.

Mr. Goode's account of their journeying is peculiarly interesting, for a number of reasons. In the first place, perhaps, he is a notably shrewd observer; with an eye to the practical no less than to the picturesque and artistic. It appears, too, that he has been enjoying the vacation quite as energetically as he does business, when business is to be done, virtually combining three or four ordinary trips in this one.

Again, he mapped his own route; saw things from an original standpoint, and finally drew his own conclusions of what he had seen.

"One business object I had in Europe," he says, "was to find pure French and pure German. I am going to send my daughter over to study these languages, in company with quite a snug little party of Atlanta young ladies, and I wanted to know just what I was doing.

"Of course I am no judge of this myself, but I am quite satisfied with my success in that direction. The purest of French—the best French accent—is found in the provinces about Geneva. Neufchâtel is perhaps the place to study French to the best advantage.

"The best German is found in Hanover. The Germans, as well as foreigners who study or travel there, agree in this.

"At Oldham, England, I saw the largest aluminum factory on earth; where the metal was made by the Casner-Deville process. Castner, the American after whom the process is named, was paid \$200,000 in cash and \$300,000 in stock for his patent. The capital stock of the company was \$4,500,000. The stock, which was originally worth par, is hardly worth 25 cents now, and the work is suspended.

"Chemists everywhere are at work upon that problem of making cheap aluminum; but I learned nothing about it that I didn't know before.

"The cheapest aluminum is made now in Pittsburgh, Pa. They advertise the pure metal at \$2 a pound. I think that is the only firm now manufacturing it upon a commercial scale.

"Our home aluminum interests are being looked after; but I haven't anything to say about that just now."

"The most beautiful thing we saw in Europe was Vouzous at midnight.

"Leaving Naples at 6 o'clock in the evening we skirted the beautiful bay, passing through a number of picturesque villages. The last of these, before reaching the station where tourists take the railway up the mountain, was Racina, and it happened to be a fete day in honor of their patron saint. Illuminated arches and the beautiful fireworks made a grand picture at night.

"We stood upon the edge of the crater and looked down to the great shimmering floor of fire beneath, and away down the eastern slope was a stream of dull red lava, glowing in the darkness. The hissing of lava and volcanic debris, being thrown out constantly, gave an air of life and smoldering activity to it.

"Below us was magnificent Naples, with its myriad of lights, the horse-shoe margin of the bay marked out by the continuous circle of lights, and at the base of the mountain the fire illuminations of quaint little Racina. It was grand."

"Another point with me," continued Mr. Goode, "was to make some desirable business connections; which I succeeded in doing. European capital is not so apprehensive of the south as it formerly was; but rather, now, of the west. They have lost a great deal of money in the south, and the exchanges, but have been much more fortunate south."

"Most of the capital that comes here is English; though Holland syndicates are becoming active in this field. I came over with some of their representatives. Their plan is to form a home company of \$1,000,000 or \$2,000,000 stock, and to draw on the Dutch banks in Holland, transferable by delivery, and on farm mortgages well secured in America.

"The poor people in Europe are terribly poor. I saw women in Italy working upon the railroad, carrying loads, and everywhere working in the fields with the men. In Holland it is an uncommon sight to see them yoked under burdens that would stagger a strong man."

"Their homes are wretched, if, indeed, the term is at all applicable. Under one roof there is a large family residence. They have no idea like ours of home. Even the wealthier classes have none of the conveniences of our middle and poorer classes—none of the conveniences of gas and water, and none of the cleanliness and quiet comfort.

"Their evenings are spent in the great public beer gardens. The leave when the children are too sleepy to stay longer, spending no more time at home than they are actually obliged to."

"Mr. Goode, accompanied by his wife, witnessed the Fausten play at Oberammergau. The acting is wonderfully impressive," said he, "and the wonder of it is that the peasants of that isolated mountain village can carry out a conception so near sublime. It's just as some little town in the mountains of Switzerland, performing a play that attracts attention all over the world."

"The whole thing is terribly realistic, and its effect can but be for good. I noticed only one little thing wrong—that Christ was struck in the left side, with the spear, where the Bible says it was his right side.

"You know, in my former question, 'we met Americans everywhere. The only Atlanta man I met was Will Black. We saw the Passion play together.'

"Did you see any place that reminded you of Atlanta?"

"In 'N.Y.' was the quick reply," "but I saw a great many that made me wish I was back in Atlanta."

## THE IRON DELEGATES

To Be Given a Phenomenal Run from Pittsburgh to Chicago.

PITTSBURG, Pa., October 12.—The 700 delegates to the iron, steel and engineering international conference, lately in session in this city, left tonight for Chicago, in three special trains, the first starting at 6 o'clock. Each train is to be 100 cars long, and every preparation has been made by the railroads to give the distinguished foreigners a phenomenal run from this city to Chicago. Extraordinary precautions have also been ordered all along the line to insure their safety.

## Death of the Oldest Priest.

BALTIMORE, Md., October 12.—Rev. Albert Scheffler, the oldest member of the Redemptorist order in the United States, died yesterday at the German church, St. Michael's German Catholic church, in this city. He was eighty-one years old, and six years ago celebrated his fiftieth anniversary as a priest of the Redemptorist Order.

## They Fear the Offer.

VIENNA, October 12.—The masters have offered the mother-of-pearl workers half the usual wages, but the offer was not accepted, as the workmen fear the result would be a reduction of wages in the future. Relief was given Saturday to 600 unemployed workmen.

## Pawnee Bill Here.

Major G. W. Lilly, and others of his wild west company, which is to perform at the exposition, arrived this morning about 1:15 o'clock. Their horses and the balance of the company will be in some time tonight.

Bowen Lithia water has 4½ grains Lithia to the gallon.

## CARMEN SYLVA.

The Queen of Roumania as Woman and Writer.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

Elizabeth, queen of Roumania, whom everybody knows as Carmen Sylva, has more title than any other royalty to the name of a "literary queen." But besides her merits as an author, she is a remarkable woman, who has earned the gratitude of women all over the world by her efforts to raise the condition of her sex in her adopted country.

Elizabeth in England suggests that a few details of her social and literary life will not be unwelcome at this moment. Carmen Sylva, who is now forty-one, is the daughter of Prince Charles of Wied. When she was a girl, she delighted in joining in the play of the children of the humbler class, and she learned to attend the village school, more especially in the class for singing. One fine morning she set off with the farmers' children to school, the singing children, and a poor man sang to her, and opened her pretty mouth so wide that a farmer's daughter placed her hand over her mouth, thinking it undignified for a princess to make so much noise. Soon a Jester came in search of the truant, and this was the first and last punishment.

Carmen Sylva went to school. In 1861 Prince Charles passed some time at the court of Berlin, making the acquaintance of Prince Charles in rather a romantic manner; for her foot slipped and going hastily down a staircase, the gallant young lieutenant caught her in his arms, and saved her from an ugly fall.

At the time when she appeared at the court of the czar, Carmen Sylva possessed a tall and finely moulded figure, large, blue, dreamy eyes, with a world of poetry in their clear depths, a classical mind, which easily seemed formed but not rounded, rows of perfectly teeth, a finely cut nose, a profusion of light wavy hair, and exquisitely formed hands.

Carmen Sylva adds to her talent for reading that of the talent of singing. It is not known what she will wish to take down in shorthand, or by the aid of a phonograph, every word the queen said. This is so even when trivial matter is the subject. But when poetry or literature is the subject, then indeed she becomes the Carmen of the year.

Miss Sylva is to be married to Mr. G. E. Everett, of Boston.

Miss Hattie Buttville, of Jackson, with Mr. W. H. Judd, of Cincinnati.

Miss Frances Bell, sister of the bride, with Mr. Henry McCleary, of Athens.

GRINNELL, Ga., October 12.—[Special.]—Society has been in a flutter of excitement for several days past over the approaching marriage of a popular young woman to the hotel-keeper, Miss Lizzie G. Sims, of this city, and Mr. W. W. Haynes, of Atlanta. The event will be solemnized on next Wednesday morning in the Methodist church.

Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Mattie King Hardaway, eldest daughter of Captain and Mrs. R. H. Hardaway, to Mr. J. H. Strickland, of Banning, on Thursday morning next at 10 o'clock.

AMERICUS, Ga., October 12.—[Special.]—The most brilliant society event of the season, so far, was the marriage, on Saturday morning, at the residence of Captain and Mrs. Alfred Colquitt of Miss Anna Corrie, their eldest daughter, to Mr. Henry J. Fite, of Cincinnati.

Mrs. Adair, a leader in Parisian society, like others of her class at this season of the year, is spending the autumn at a chateau in the Pyrenees for the entertainment of her guests, which follow her either in the shape of society, or of those who are fond of travel.

The lovely bride wore an elegant gown of embossed white satin silk, garnished with bridal roses. Her attendants were becomingly attired in full dress, and were as follows:

Miss Kate Eddle, Gadsden, Ala., with Mr. George Eddle.

Miss Mattie McElroy, Jackson, Ga., with Mr. G. E. Everett, of Boston.

Miss Hattie Buttville, of Jackson, with Mr. W. H. Judd, of Cincinnati.

Miss Frances Bell, sister of the bride, with Mr. Henry McCleary, of Athens.

GRINNELL, Ga., October 12.—[Special.]—The old village of "lovers" laugh at locksmiths, who have been twice instances by Griffins parties during the week.

A few days since one of Greenville's most attractive young ladies left her home ostensibly for the purpose of visiting friends in Griffin and Atlanta. Finishing up her visit here she boarded the evening train for Atlanta. On the same train Mr. Walter C. Hill, a young, prosperous merchant of this city, occupied a seat, and his destination was the same. Mr. Hill was a young man, and Mr. Hill had long been sweethearts, but were kept from linking their destinies by the stern objections of the young lady's parents. This was their golden opportunity, and it is needless to add they embraced in it. When Mr. Hill had completed his business in Atlanta and started home, he required two tickets of the agent, and was brought home with him. Miss Anna Corrie, the bride, and Mr. Hill, the groom, were in the same train.

Mrs. Hill is a beautiful young woman of prepossessing appearance. She, no doubt, will prove a valuable accession to Griffin society.

When it was announced on Tuesday evening that Mr. W. H. Brewster and Mrs. Mattie Bloodworth were to marry, the friends of both parties were interested. Rev. Mr. McN. McKay spoke the words that made the twin one, in the presence of a few friends, and the bridegroom of Mr. W. H. Brewster, the son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Hill.

Mrs. Hill is a beautiful young woman of prepossessing appearance. She, no doubt, will prove a valuable accession to Griffin society.

Misses Elin and Lillian Tidwell, two of Atlanta's attractive young ladies, are visiting friends here.

Miss Anna Corrie, a very attractive blonde, of Greenville, is visiting Misses Minnie and Lizzie Doss, on Solomon street.

Miss Minnie Bloodworth, of Alabama, is visiting relatives here.

Misses Willie and Emma Flie, of Henry county, spent a short time in the city this week.

Mrs. J. E. Witherup, of Columbus, Ga., who has been a resident of this city the last few weeks, left Friday for LaGrange to visit her brother, W. W. Randal.

ABOUT WOMEN.

The wife of Ernest Renan is an accomplished cook, and it is her pride and delight to prepare new and delicious dishes each day for her distinguished and most appreciative husband.

Miss Mabel Fuller, a daughter of Chief Justice Fuller, has received a commission from a Chicago firm for a book of fairy tales.

Ouida is living in an old palace in Florence, her husband, Mr. Olinto, in 1861, the recipients being Mary Caroline Rudi, Mary Hosford and Elizabeth Prall. There are only two larger colleges in the country—Michigan university and Harvard. Last year the enrollment was 1,900, of whom were women.

The first university degree ever conferred on Ouida was given in 1861, in the college in 1861.

The first year of Ouida's life, she was a small, thin, delicate girl, with a pale complexion, and a very small head.

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## THE FIRE THIS MORNING.

A Grocery Store Burned—Supposed to Have  
Been Fired by an Incendiary.Akeridges grocery store, on the corner of East Hunter and Mangum streets was dis-  
covered in flames about 1:30 o'clock this morn-  
ing.

The policeman who discovered the fire, sent in an alarm from box 52, and the department answered by one of the quickest night runs it has ever made.

The store, a frame building, was enveloped in flames when the firemen reached it, and but for their extraordinary work it would have been entirely consumed. As it was, the roof and one side was destroyed, besides serious damage to the stock.

The loss will amount to about \$500, covered by insurance.

Chief Joyner says the building was evidently set afire by an incendiary.

## JAKE MENKO'S GOOD LUCK.

He is to Wed One of Albany's fairest  
Daughters.

The following telegram from THE CON-

STITUTION's correspondent at Albany will be read by our hero in Atlanta:

ALBANY, Oct. 12.—[Special.]—The betrothal between Mr. Jake Menko and Miss Emma Wessolowsky was solemnized last evening at the residence of the latter in this city. Miss Wessolowsky is the daughter of Rev. Charles Wessolowsky, and one of Albany's most charming and accomplished daughters. She is known throughout the state. For nineteen years she was identified with the enterprises of Atlanta. Her lib-  
erality and vim have made his name known throughout Georgia. By his energy he has worked himself up to now a mem-  
ber of the first of L. Cohen & Co., of Macon, one of the largest in the state. He is for years a prominent officer in the Southern Travellers' Association and is connected prominently with similar organizations. Congratulatory telegrams are pouring in upon the happy young couple, and many friends were present at the betrothal rites.

## THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Georgia.

WASHINGTON, October 12.—Indications for to-  
morrow: Fair weather, stationary temperature  
southeasterly winds.

## SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 12.

All observations taken at the same moment of  
actual time at each place.

Observation taken at 8 p.m. 75th meridian time.

STATIONS. BARTON R. D. W. B. D. W. B. Rainfall. Weather.

Meridian 22.94 76.64 S. 4 .00 Cloudless

Tampa 23.98 80.60 SE 6 .00 Cloudless

Montgomery 23.06 75.50 S. 4 .00 Cloudless

New Orleans 22.96 74.60 SE 6 .00 Cloudless

Galveston 23.80 80.74 SE 18 .00 Cloudless

Pensacola 23.80 75.50 SE 10 .00 Cloudless

Corpus Christi 23.80 72.50 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

Brownsville 23.80 80.72 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

Port Gadsden 23.98 75.68 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

TIME OF OBS-  
ERVATION.

STATION. BARTON R. D. W. B. Rainfall. Weather.

Meridian 22.94 76.64 S. 4 .00 Cloudless

Tampa 23.98 80.60 SE 6 .00 Cloudless

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Corpus Christi 23.80 72.50 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

Brownsville 23.80 80.72 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

Port Gadsden 23.98 75.68 SE 12 .00 Cloudless

COTTON BELT BULLETIN.

Observation taken at 6 p.m. 75th meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.

Maximum Temperature  
Minimum Temperature  
Rainfall.

Atlanta 84 62 .00

Cartersville 84 62 .00

Columbus 76 70 .00

Chattanooga 84 69 .00

Gainesville 84 56 .00

Greenville 84 56 .00

Grinnell 82 64 .00

Kennesaw 82 64 .00

Newnan 82 58 .00

Spartanburg 82 56 .00

Toccoa 80 \* \* \*

West Point 80 66 .00

\*Missing.

J. W. BYRNE, Observer.

To Complete the Church.—Yesterday morning at the old temple on Pryor street, a sum of nearly \$1,000 was taken. The collection was for the purpose of completing the work on the church building, which has been for some time in an incomplete state.

Mr. Mayo is very indignant over the affair, when the father arrives the meeting be-  
tween him and the picture gatherer is likely

to be a farce.

The Birmingham End of the Story.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 12.—[Special.]

After the Georgia Pacific train from New York arrived here tonight, the police received a telegram from Chief Connolly, to the effect that Avant and Miss Adair had been taken for kidnapping, and hold him until his arrival.

A couple were found at the Morris hotel, at which they had registered as "Dr. and wife, New York."

They were in the same room, but had not been seen before Chief Connolly.

The train reached Birmingham, was tele-  
phoned to, and when the train reached Bir-  
mingham Avant and Miss Adair were taken

by police.

Chief Connolly was then notified.

Avant was charging Avant with kidnapping

out this morning by Mr. Mayo.

Avant, who will reach Atlanta this afternoon, will look after his daughter.

A telegram to Chief Connolly Chief

Connolly said he was not state whether Mr. Avant

had been married or not.

He said that they have not, as they would not have had an opportunity while

they were in the car.

He said that he was not

Avant is not to blame, as he was married, and eloped with his wife.

She says she told him he did not care, she would live with him anyway, because she loved him. They

decided to locate here and sell med-

sions.

Avant insisted on running

with him after he told her he was a

He says he will return when

the girl's father was coming over. He

says he will not be blamed, as he

was not the one who was to blame.

Gazzam—Impossible?

Gazzam—Because the Chicago girl has not been

executed that long.

Detectors

Wanted in every county. Shrewd men to act

under instructions. Particulars free. Shack-

lestone's Detective Agency, P. O. Box 12, Atlanta, Ga.

Oct 22-23

Georgia Bromine-Lithia water cures skin dis-

eases.

Read the New York Dramatic News. For sale at John Miller's. Price 10 cents.

The New York Dramatic News. For sale at

John Miller's. Price 10 cents.

The largest stock of watches in the south at

reasonable prices. Maier &amp; Berkely, 33 Whitehall

dif.

THE FIRE THIS MORNING.

A Grocery Store Burned—Supposed to Have

Been Fired by an Incendiary.

Akeridges grocery store, on the corner of East Hunter and Mangum streets was dis-

covered in flames about 1:30 o'clock this morn-

ing.

The policeman who discovered the fire, sent in an alarm from box 52, and the department answered by one of the quickest night runs it has ever made.

The store, a frame building, was enveloped in flames when the firemen reached it, and but for their extraordinary work it would have been entirely consumed. As it was, the roof and one side was destroyed, besides serious damage to the stock.

The loss will amount to about \$500, covered by insurance.

Chief Joyner says the building was evidently set afire by an incendiary.

## JAKE MENKO'S GOOD LUCK.

He is to Wed One of Albany's fairest

Daughters.

The following telegram from THE CON-

STITUTION's correspondent at Albany will be read by our hero in Atlanta:

ALBANY, Oct. 12.—[Special.]—The betrothal between Mr. Jake Menko and Miss Emma Wessolowsky was solemnized last evening at the residence of the latter in this city. Miss Wessolowsky is the daughter of Rev. Charles Wessolowsky, and one of Albany's most charming and accomplished daughters. She is known throughout the state. For nineteen years she was identified with the enterprises of Atlanta. Her lib-  
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## THE WEATHER.

Chief Joyner says the building was evidently set afire by an incendi

WHEN  
HE  
POPS  
THE  
QUESTION

Write us for Samples  
of  
Wedding Invitations,  
Announcements  
and Calling Cards.

FREEMAN &  
CRANKSHAW.

OPIUM  
and Whiskey Habits  
cured at home with  
out pain. Book of part  
iculars. Price \$1.00.  
J. M. WOODLEY, M.D.  
Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

93  
Whitehall St  
MAIER & BERKELE,  
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS.  
supt. 131 1st Col Sp 19

PERFECTED  
CRYSTAL LENSES  
TRADE MARK.  
Quality First and Always.

FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE,  
Manufacturing Opticians.

Faulkner, Kellam & Moore, the only manufacturers of optical glass with lenses to fit each eye. Old Capitol Building.

J. F. KEMPTON,  
A. L. DELKIN,

KEMPTON, DELKIN & CO.  
Real Estate.

6 East Alabama St.

\$7,000—120 FEET FRONT; NEAR IN, ON  
Whitehall street; alley side and rear,  
1½ acres.

\$3,500—7-room house, close in; gas and water.

\$1,500—1½ acres, with some improvements; near  
Vine street.

\$7,000—Grove lot, West Peachtree, 60x102.

\$2,500—Whitehall street, 60x200, house new.

\$4,250—Vine tract, 75x100, lot on the market.

\$2,750—Midtown st. vacant lot, worth \$4,000.

\$3,000—The prettiest 6-room cottage, south side,  
located in a good neighborhood; nice lot.

\$1,600—Vacant tract, Emma and D'Alvigny street,  
near Gray.

\$2,000—Forest ave. corner lot, progressive neighbor-  
hood.

\$1,750—120 feet on Fraser, convenient to dummy  
and school.

\$1,500—Elevated Smith street lot near Whitehall.

\$1,500—Large needed garage. Come quick.

\$1,500—The gem of Cophill, just this week.

\$300—Ormond, near Capitol ave., \$200 cash, bal-  
ances \$15 per month.

\$1,000—Large lot, 75x100, a beauty.

\$1,250—Large lot, Rankin st.

\$450—Shaded Martin st. lot near Georgia ave.

\$325—Martin st. corner lot, 50x100, terms easy.

\$550—2-room house, No. 29 Park st.

\$750—2-room house, Garfield street, 50x100, near East  
End.

**CHIPS.** We have an extensive list of houses, building  
lots, vacant tracts and suburban property. Call on us if you wish to buy or sell. We are the best  
equipped for selling real estate of any firm in the  
city.

**MOTHERS' FRIEND**

**SHORTENS LABOR**

**LESSENS PAIN**

**ATTENDING IT**

**TO LIFE**

**MINISHES DANGER OF**

**MOTHER & CHILD**

**WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.**

"Mothers' Friend" is worth its weight in gold. My wife suffered more in ten

minutes with either of her other children than she did with me. But after

having used four bottles of "Mothers' Friend," it is a blessing to expectant

mothers.

**HENDERSON DALE**, Carni, Ill.

Having used two bottles of my sixth child

was born with no pain comparatively.

**Mrs. L. O. VAUGHN**, Marietta, Ga.

Wonderful results in my suffering.

**Mr. M. BREWSTER**, Marietta, Ga.

Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle.

Sold by all druggists. Book to mothers mailed free.

**FRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.**, Atlanta, Ga.

**A. J. WEST & CO.**

**ACTIVE DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE.**

100x100 feet, corner North avenue and Calhoun  
street, \$4,000.

First-class home, power street. First-class,

Beautiful residence, large lot, fronting Kimball  
and North avenue. Cheap.

Big room in Marietta street business property,  
\$2,500.

A first-class piece of business property, \$30,000.

112x120, West Peachtree street, \$16,000.

200x120, West Peachtree street, \$6,500.

Bowder street lots, \$20 per front foot.

Cheap. West Peachtree street lots \$50 per front foot.

Cypress street lots, \$25 per front foot.

West Peachtree street lots, \$25 per front foot.

Beautiful West Peachtree street home, \$10,500.

Edgewood avenue property; must be sold at once.

Large tract, 120x120, fronting Peachtree street, \$14,600.

McPherson street lots, \$4,000.

Washington Heights lots cheap.

15-room house, Fraser street, \$2,000.

20-room house, 120x120, \$7,500.

17-room house, Rawson street, 10,000.

7-room house, West Harris street, \$6,500.

Vacant lot, Jackson street, \$3,000.

5-room house, Hill street, \$2,500.

Fine property, Marietta street, \$6,000.

Large tract, 120x120, fronting Peachtree street, \$8,500.

Business lot, Decatur street, \$2,500.

Vacant lot, Kelly street, \$1,200.

West Peachtree street lots, \$6,000.

55x120 feet, Azier avenue, \$1,500.

45x120 feet, Highland avenue, \$800.

50x150 feet, Cherry street. Very cheap.

Very large tract, 120x120, fronting Peachtree street.

Large tract, big railroad front, electric cars, \$20,000.

Important place, West End, bargain, \$16,000.

Plum street property, good running, \$2,200.

Cheapest residence in the city, North avenue, \$2,000.

Fine spacious residence, Capital avenue, \$7,000.

Central property, Broad street, cheap, \$7,000.

Vacant lot, corner Marietta and Bartow streets, \$8,000.

2-room house, Ellis street, \$2,700.

Big bargain, 200 feet front, on car line.

20 acres, near city, \$3,000.

Large tract, 120x120, fronting Peachtree street, \$10,000.

Pretty property on Peachtree street, and Ponce de

Leone avenue at very reasonable figures.

**A. J. WEST & CO.**

CIGARS ARE UP.

SMOKERS WILL FEEL THE EFFECTS  
OF THE MCKINLEY BILL.

Importers Are Already Putting an Extra  
Flourish to Prices on Old Stock—  
Talk with Mr. Henry Kubert.

Atlanta smokers—and smokers all over  
America for that matter—will begin to feel  
the effects of the McKinley tariff bill before  
many days.

This, notwithstanding the fact that the large  
importers of tobacco have given out that there  
will be no advance in the prices of imported  
goods until the first of the year.

Mr. Henry G. Kubert, who is one of the  
largest dealers in imported cigars in Atlanta,  
was talking about the effect of the  
new tariff to a *Constitution* reporter yester-  
day.

"Even now," he said, "we cannot get im-  
ported cigars without paying an advance on  
the prices we have been in the habit of paying  
before the passage of the McKinley bill. You  
see, the importers are sharp. They anticipated  
the situation, and now that it has come,  
they take the advantage of it."

"Some time ago I ordered 15,000 cigars, to  
be needed for the McKinley bill for awhile,  
at least—and by the way, 15,000 imported  
cigars is no small order for this  
part of the country, but all sorts of excuse  
were made about the slowness of the  
vessels to arrive. The consequence is, I  
have not got my big order, and can't get the  
cigars unless I pay an advanced price for  
them."

Mr. Kubert was asked about how much more  
smokers of imported goods would have to pay  
for their cigars.

"Well," he said, "we will have to sell  
15 cents, or two for 25 cents, we will now  
have to sell for 15 cents and 20 cents straight."

"A grade of cigars that used to cost us \$80  
and \$85 will now cost us from \$110 to \$115, or  
thereabouts. It is not so much a question of  
what we dealers will lose by the new rate, but  
as to the advanced prices the consumer must  
pay. Our prices are regulated by what we  
have to pay the importers. Just what propor-  
tion of increase the new prices will show, I  
can't tell yet. As I have said, it was thought  
that the raise would not take effect until the  
first of the year, but already our quotations  
show that the importers who have  
goods on hand are taking advantage of the  
situation and are taking on the extra duty a  
little previous."

"Will there be any change in the amount of  
imported cigars or of domestic goods?" Mr.  
Kubert was asked.

"Well, there are many imported goods  
smoked?" Hardly. So there is a difference  
between paying 15 or 20 cents, or 25 cents for  
an imported cigar, and not paying 10 cents for  
a good Key West. Smokers of the best will  
change from the imported to the domestic. Will  
sell more of the domestic and less of the im-  
ported. I predict, though it will take some  
time for men accustomed to smoking imported  
cigars to make the change to something new.  
There's a big difference in the flavor, but the  
extra money tacked on to the old favorite will  
make it not very difficult thing to get on  
with the new."

What does "Peculiar" mean? Applied to  
Faulkner, Kellam & Moore, it means that this  
is different from others and superior in merit  
and creative power. Try it and you will know.

Steepness, nervousness, prostration, nervous  
dyspepsia, dullness, blues cured by Dr. Miles'  
Samples free at all druggists.

Colonel Winn's Appointments.

Hon. Thomas E. Winn, the democratic nominee  
for congress from the ninth district, will speak as  
follows:

November, October 13th.

December, October 14th.

January, October 15th.

February, October 16th.

March, October 17th.

Hoschton, October 18th.

Duncan Creek, October 20th.

Zion Hill, October 20th, at night.

Mayesville, October 22d.

Harmony Grove, October 24th.

Long Tavern, October 25th.

Petersburg, October 26th.

MEETINGS.

A regular convocation of Mount Zion  
Chapter, No. 16, R. A. M., will be held in  
Masonic hall, corner of Marietta and  
Peachtree streets, on the 15th instant.

Residence and beautiful property.

\$83.00—1 car 12-passenger in the  
syndicate we are

retiring, there's money in it, a chance for a  
few days only.

M. H. LUCAS & CO., 22 S. Pryor St.

22 S. Pryor St. Next Cashed.

Pryor st., near glass works, 3 lots 60x150 to alley,

shaded, \$1,000 each.

Blackmon, near Jackson and Forest ave., 44x180,

</div



to his repertoire as important a play as his father did before him when Mrs. Kendal's brother, T. W. Roberson, wrote "David Garrick" for the elder comedian. Young Sothern, in his new play at the Lyceum, has taken an important step forward in his career. Jerome's comedy could easily fill out the entire season, but the regular Lyceum stock company must take possession on November 11th.

Miss Margaret Mather, by mistake, stabbed herself with a real dagger in the closing scene of "Romeo and Juliet," at Peterboro, Ontario, one evening last week. She almost committed unintentional suicide. The blade penetrated the clothing and corset and struck a sixth rib, about an inch below the heart, making a slight rib wound. What a terrible loss to the stage this would have been!

IN ATLANTA THIS WEEK.

Lillian Lewis.

In the last two years this lady has advanced rapidly in favor with the American public, and she is placed by many critics in the first rank. She appears in Atlanta in two performances, today at matinee in "As in a Looking Glass," tonight in a play new for us, "Credit Lorraine." The high appreciation in which she is held by some critics will appear from the following extract from the Baltimore News or last evening:

Miss Lillian Lewis is a new star to Baltimore. She is tall, and a woman graceful in her movements and picturesque in her attitudes. She possesses mobile features and a fine voice. Last night she appeared at the Holiday in "Credit Lorraine," a play written somewhat after the manner of "As in a Looking Glass," but the situations and the situations are intensely dramatic. Occasionally we are reminded of "La Tosca" and "Fedora," and there is one scene which suggests "Henrietta." But the whole makes a powerful play, and the audience last night sat in the dark until the curtain fell.

Miss Lewis is a new star to Baltimore. The part of Lorraine, the character of a girl who has been exposed to a cruel destiny. She is first the victim of the fate Emperor Napoleon III, and then of a series of successive misfortunes, the culmination of which is madness and death.

Mr. Archibald Cooper was truly admirable, and his speech was the tool of a gigantic railroad corporation, and is using the influence he has over this secret political organization to further the aims of this railroad monopoly to get control of the legislative bodies of the country, both state and national, to prevent any legislation in the interests of the people by the national congress as against monopolies and trusts, and to prevent legislation by our state legislature to enforce the provisions of our state constitution against monopolies.

We claim that L. F. Livingston is the head and dictator of a secret political organization in Georgia, and especially in this congressional district; that he is a political demagogue and is using the secret organization to further his own private and political preferences.

2. We claim that the secret organization is the tool of a gigantic railroad corporation, and is using the influence he has over this secret political organization to further the aims of this railroad monopoly to get control of the legislative bodies of the country, both state and national, to prevent any legislation in the interests of the people by the national congress as against monopolies and trusts, and to prevent legislation by our state legislature to enforce the provisions of our state constitution against monopolies.

3. We claim that said Livingston has, through this secret organization, under pretext of democracy, and by chicanery and fraud, obtained control of the democratic machinery of this district, and is using the cloak of democracy to further his own private and political preferences.

4. We claim that the specific measure known as the subtreasury plan, which he has forced upon the party, is undemocratic, unrepresentative and un-American, and that a measure should be passed by congress, to which we claim the secret organization is the tool of a gigantic railroad corporation, and is using the influence he has over this secret political organization to further the aims of this railroad monopoly to get control of the legislative bodies of the country, both state and national, to prevent any legislation in the interests of the people by the national congress as against monopolies and trusts, and to prevent legislation by our state legislature to enforce the provisions of our state constitution against monopolies.

5. We claim that said Livingston was nominated by delegates chosen in secret conclave composed of every shade of political affiliation, and that a large number per cent of a minority of the democratic party, and that the methods of his nomination in the conclave were undemocratic, and that we are not bound, morally nor politically, to support any such.

We claim that said L. F. Livingston has promised, that if elected, he would abide the causes of the democratic party, and in the face of this solemn promise, at Raleigh, N. C. on the 7th instant, sat in a public meeting that he would vote for the man who ever tried his father, if he did not support the subtreasury plan.

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7. We cannot place any reliance in him, whatever, or politically, and cannot consent to help, by our votes, place a man in office to legislate for us, in whom we have no confidence, and whom we consider as a political trickster and demagogue of the first magnitude.

In conclusion, fellow democrats of the fifth congressional district, when you cast your ballot for L. F. Livingston for congress, you not only endorse his gigantic fraud, the subtreasury scheme, and cause of unrepresentative and un-American, but you also claim the secret organization is the tool of a gigantic railroad corporation, and is using the influence he has over this secret political organization to further the aims of this railroad monopoly to get control of the legislative bodies of the country, both state and national, to prevent any legislation in the interests of the people by the national congress as against monopolies and trusts, and to prevent legislation by our state legislature to enforce the provisions of our state constitution against monopolies.

The War Play, "A Fair Rebel."

Already there is a demand for seats for the military comedy-drama, "A Fair Rebel." The great success of the play has reached here, and DeGrove's opera house will doubtless be crowded on Tuesday and Wednesday nights, October 14th and 15th, also Wednesday matinee, by an audience eager to witness the boldness of the heroism and pluck of Clairette Montet, as played by the charming young American actress, Fannie Gillette.

Clairette, from the advance notices, is a true southern girl, brave and beautiful, tender yet determined, enthusiastic for her southern home, proud of the cause for which her father and brother are fighting, a girl fitted with all those qualities which make woman an ornament and a guiding star.

Her lover, Colonel Mason, a gallant union officer is likewise an enthusiast, but his eloquent persuasion, his masterly argument, his tender ardor, his ardent love for Clairette fail to move her. He is not, indeed, until he is in peril and imprisoned that her heart and nature come together in his hour of trial to even claim him for her own, at least, at the risk of her own life, to effect his escape from Libby prison. The scenes are powerfully worked up, the author, Harry P. Dawson, being a master of dramatic episodes and stirring situations. Fannie Gillette is an ideal southern girl, charming, one of the most graceful performances yet seen in an American war play.

Her pathos, peaking in indignation, triumph and disappointment are in turn so powerful as to move Miss Gillette in the foremost rank with our leading actresses. Laura Keeler, who was leadingly with Louis Jameson's company, Edward H. Mason, who last year supported William J. Scanlan, is the hero of the play. Colonel Mason is a handsome young actor and has made a high reputation for himself, not only in America, but throughout Europe.

The Great Metropolis

Is the title of the play that will be presented at Givens' opera house the last half of this week, with a fashionable matinee Saturday. The grand scenic production was first presented at the Twenty-Third Street theatre, New York city, and met with unquestionable success. This success was all the more flattering, as American melodrama had heretofore been coldly received.

The run of "The Great Metropolis" at New York extended over a period of over four months and the press was loud in its praise of both company and scenery. To properly present this play two entire car loads of scenery is used. The company is of unquestionable ability.

The Chicago News, in speaking of a recent production of "The Great Metropolis," publishes the following complimentary notice:

"Of the best modern melodramas, 'The Great Metropolis' was produced at the Academy of Music last night by an excellent company.

The play fully deserves all that has been said of it, and its faults are not conspicuous enough to mar the enjoyment of the play. The story is one that must strike a sympathetic chord in an American audience, especially where it deals with the life-savers of Sandy Hook.

The play is decidedly realistic, and contains thrilling and stirring scenes. The scenes of the life-saving service in life to life, and the scenes of the lighthouse and beach, so familiar to New Yorkers, was like a view of the actual thing. In the way of scenic effects this play excels in the scenes of the wreck of the Flying Fish of Sandy Hook.

The erection of the Brunswick Oyster and Canning Company's mammoth plant will begin in a few days. The main building will be 320x40 feet.

The city council of McRae has passed an ordinance requiring dealers in cider to pay a license of \$100.

The LaGrange Reporter prints a long list of improvements going on in LaGrange the aggregate amount of which is \$421,250.

The Hawkinsville barrel factory is doing a thriving business. A Macon firm ordered 1,000 barrels by telegraph last Monday.

The erection of the Brunswick Oyster and Canning Company's mammoth plant will begin in a few days. The main building will be 320x40 feet.

Mr. J. W. Harrel, of Pulaski county, has a 19-year-old cow that has given two gallons of milk a day six months of every year for sixteen years.

The doctors of Banks county have formed a trust and have pledged themselves not to treat any renters, unless they give a voucher from the landlord for the payment of the bill.

Mr. M. C. Jackson, of Forsyth county, who has been keeping house twenty-five years, has only bought 55 cents' worth of meat during that time. Mr. Jackson is a model farmer who raises all of his own meat.

Peter Vickers is the wealthiest negro in Coffee county. He owns between 5,000 and 6,000 acres of land and is a number one farmer. His cotton is magnificent, perhaps the best in the county, and his corn crop is good in proportion. He will make \$2,000 worth of produce this year.

At a regular meeting of the county alliance of Houston county, the following resolution was adopted: We favor competitive farming by the alliance and farmers of the county the ensuing year, with a view of holding a county fair at some time during said year, and to this end we appoint a committee of one from each sub-division, to arrange details and report same at our next meeting in January next.

Cartersville Courant-American: The rains have fallen during the last ten days have retarded the farmers considerably in the gathering of cotton, and possibly have injured the crop to a small extent. Cotton is opening unusually early this fall and about a third of the crop has been gathered. There will be a very large yield of the fluey staple this year and all the other crops are very fine. A benevolent providence has smiled on the tillers of the soil and all people rejoice at their prosperity.

Savannah Morning News: A monster rattlesnake was killed last Monday at "Wormsloe" plantation, nine miles from this city. It was discovered near the house of a colored woman named Lizzie Jones, and had her house cut charred. The cat seemed to be unable to move, and the snake was just about to strike when Lizzie threw a billet of wood, which caused the cat to spring into the air as though it was released from an enthalment. The snake was shot by one of the neighbors. It measured seven feet and had twenty-two rattles and a button.

Cherokee Advance: Since the recent publication in the Advance, giving the description of the kain found and being worked near Woodstock and Cherokee mills, several other deposits have been found in the county, concerning which information is wanted. Notice of the existence of a bed near Salacoa was given in our last issue, and now one near Ball Ground. This verifies the oft-repeated statement that Cherokee abounds in minerals rich and varied, and but need capital and experienced labor to develop and put our boundless resources before the world.

Biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles' Syrup and Liver Pills, 50 doses 25c. Samples free at druggists, by mail 25c. MILES MED. CO., ELMHURST, IND.

Bowden Lithia is a pure natural Lithia water.

PLUTONIC,

Or American White Slavery, by Thomas M. Wood.

A politico-social novel. Price 50c, mailed upon receipt of price by John M. Miller, Atlanta, Ga., or Davis Bros., Savannah, Ga.

And further, the said L. F. Livingston having been forced upon the party by a secret political organization, which, although claiming to be democrats, is composed of democrats, republicans, greenbackers, union laborers, anarchists and any

and every other shade of politics, which said organization holds its meetings with closed doors, and the members right and most intelligent men of the country, and with closed doors, and in secret, puts forth men and measures which they demand that all who claim to be democrats shall support and believeing that a republican government should be run by the people and for the people, and that no man or group of men of the people should be debarred from participation in the councils of the party, the members of Douglas county, and the undersigned, are believing that a republican government should be run by the people and for the people, and that no man or group of men of the people should be debarred from participation in the councils of the party, the members of Douglas county, and the undersigned, are believing that a republican government should be run by the people and for the people, and that no man or group of men of the people should be debarred from participation in the councils 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